



WHY ARE YOU DOING THAT...
AND IS IT BEST FOR THE PROJECT SCHEDULE?

PRESENTED BY:
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MBP

Go to **www.menti.com** and use code **91 65 82 7**



- What is your primary scheduling role?
 - Developer/Planner
 - User/Field
 - Reviewer/Receiver
 - Forensic Analyst/Claims

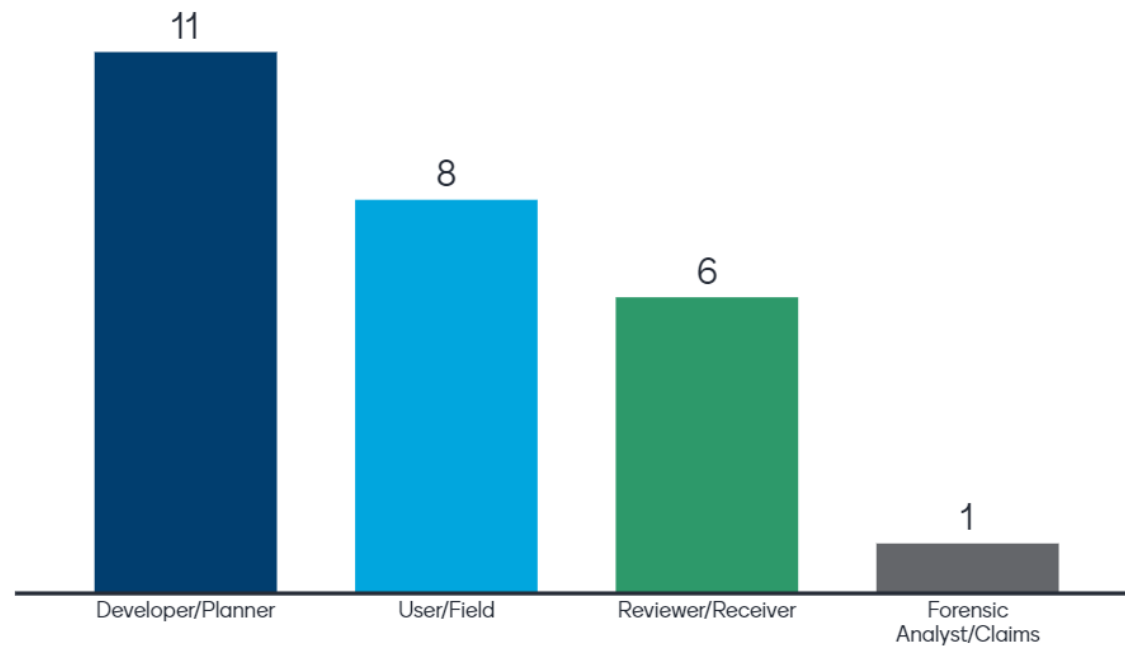
My Experience



■ Developer ■ User ■ Reviewer ■ Forensic

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 91 65 82 7

What is your primary scheduling role?

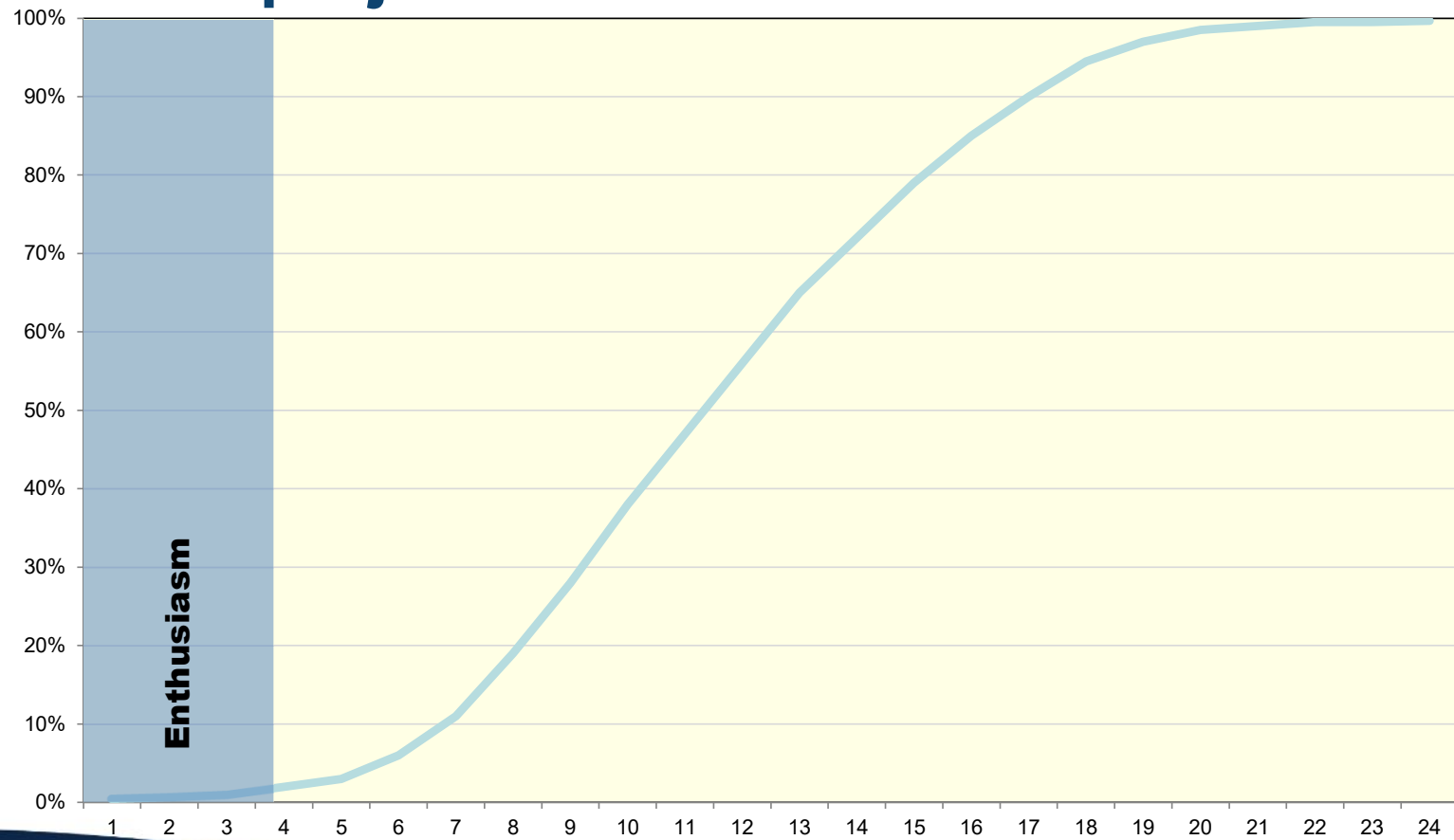


Learning Objectives

- Recognizing characteristics of a viable and effective schedule.
- Identify ways to integrate perspectives of all stakeholders.
- Engaging in proactive behavior to increase efficiency on the Project.



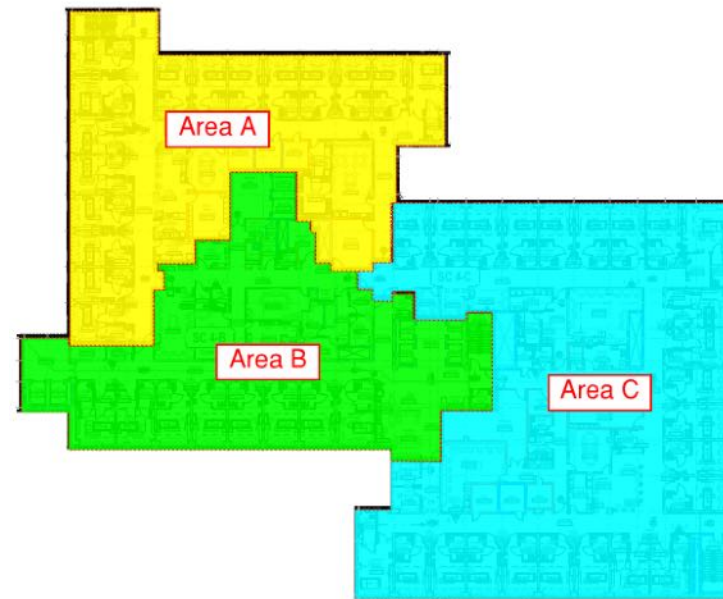
Phases of a project



#1 Rule

Read The Contract

E. Certification documentation shall be provided to COR 21 working **days** prior to submitting the request for final inspection. The documentation shall include all test results, the names of individuals performing work for the testing agency on this project, detailed procedures



Pro Tip for all:
Keyword Search

Set Expectations at Kickoff meeting

- Develop rapport
- Create commitments not just compliance
- Establish key milestones and work hours
- Agree to weather tracking method

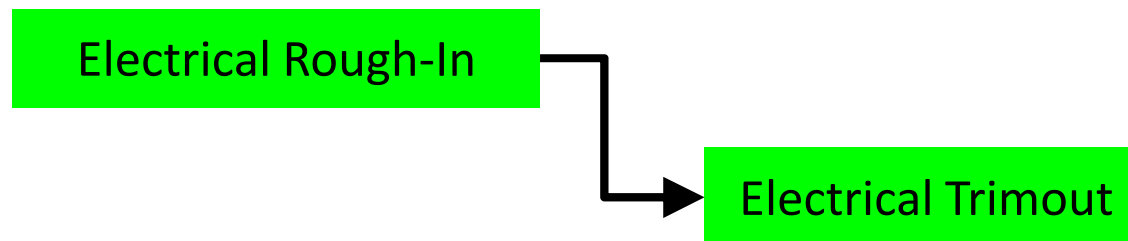


Levels of schedules



Characteristics of a practical baseline schedule

- Well-defined plan in Narrative
- Use activity codes along with WBS
- Intelligence in Activity ID, descriptions
- Sound logic and durations

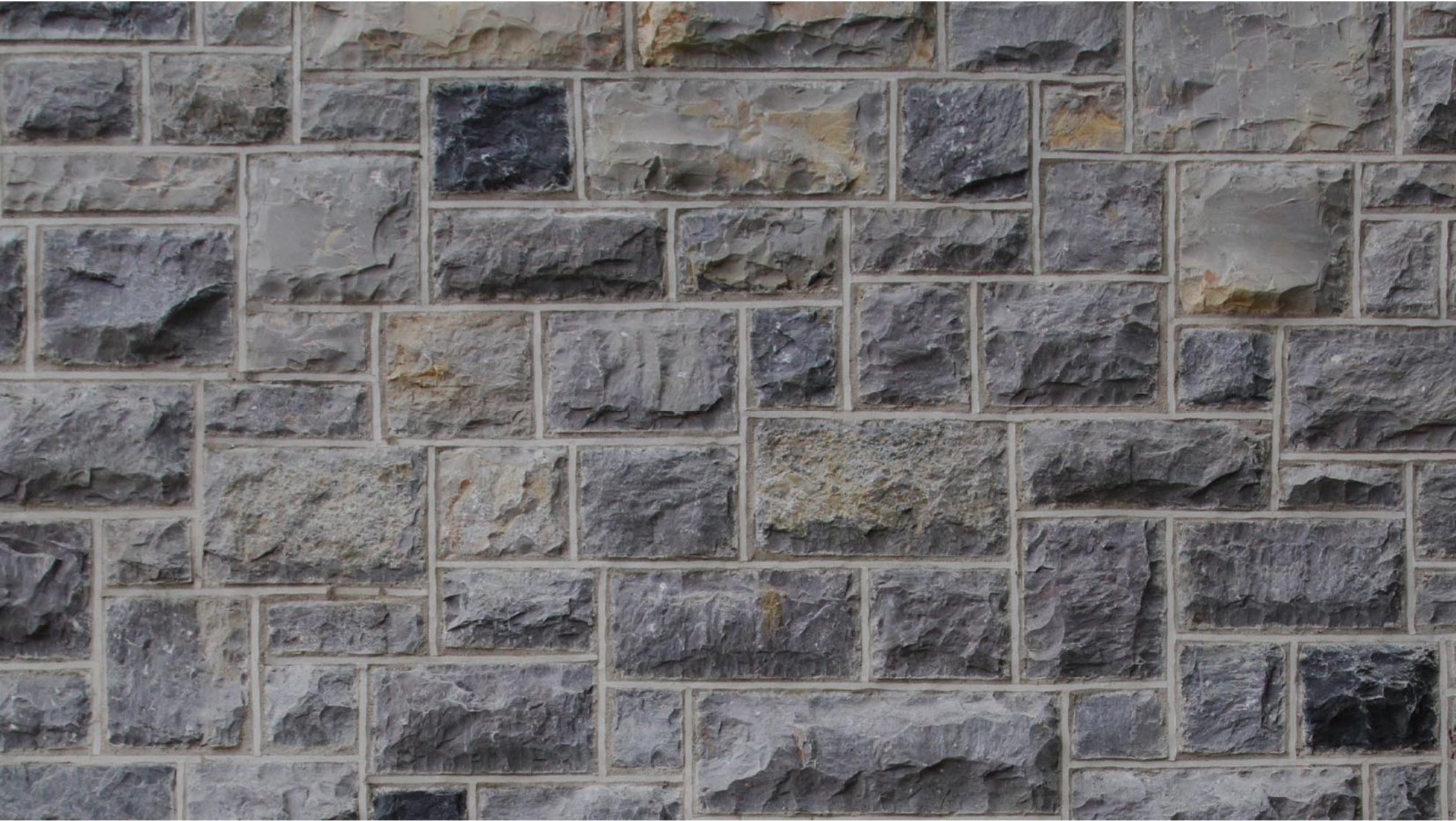


Parkinson's Law



**“Work expands
so as to fill the
time available
for completion”**





Estimated Duration

- Scope: 1,000 ft of trench
- Planned Duration = 15 work days

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Planned Rate} &= 1,000 \text{ ft}/15 \text{ days} \\ &= 67 \text{ ft/day}\end{aligned}$$

- Day 1: 50 ft
- Day 2: 60 ft
- Day 3: 55 ft

Average: 55 ft/day

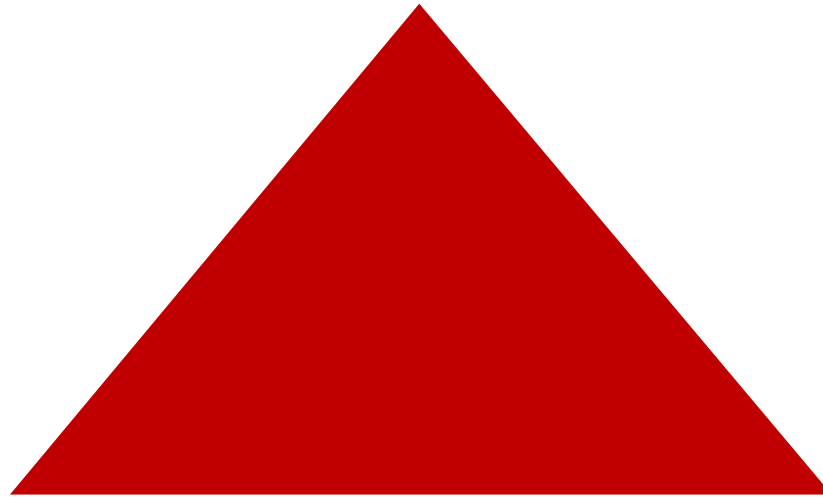
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Actual Duration} &= 1,000 \text{ ft}/55 \text{ ft/day} \\ &= 18 \text{ work days}\end{aligned}$$



Factors controlling the schedule

Cost

Scope



Time



Factors controlling the schedule

Cost

Documentation

Resources

Scope

RISK

Time

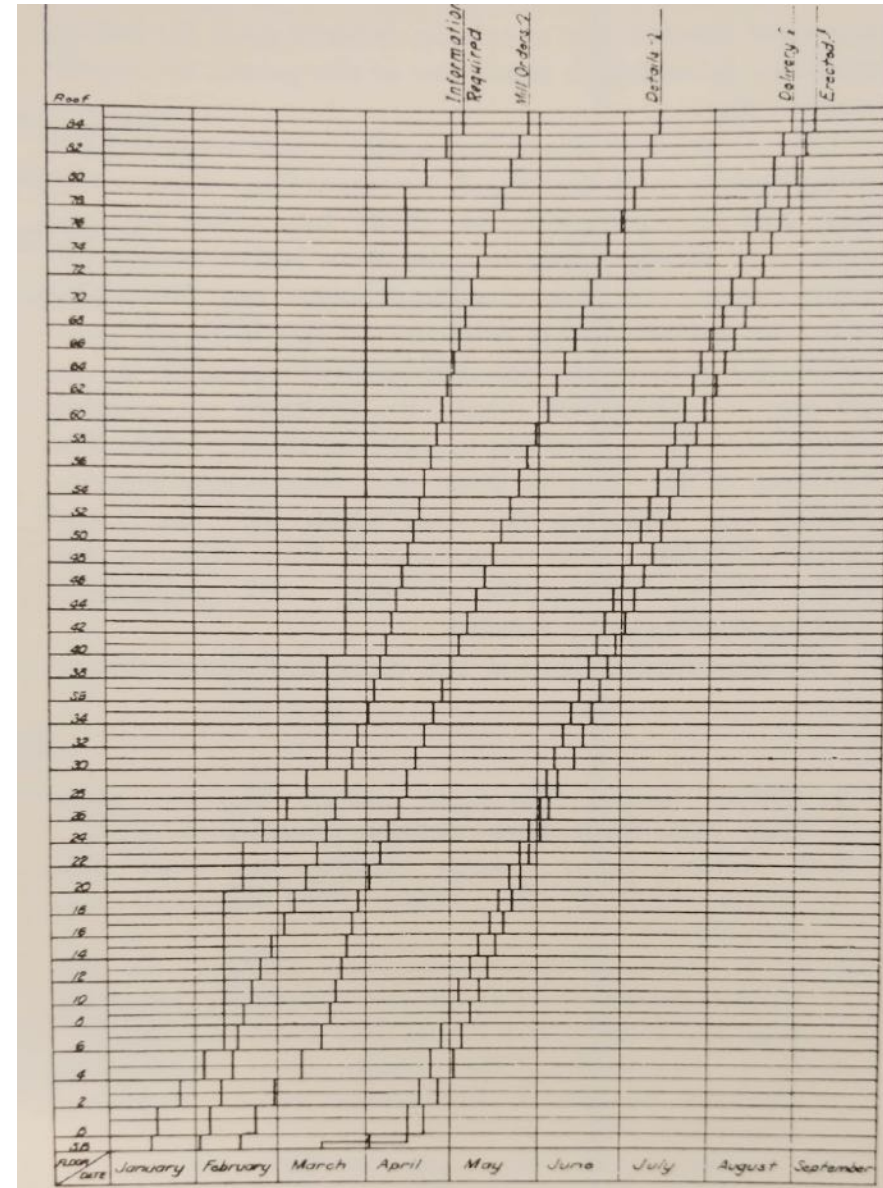
Safety

Quality

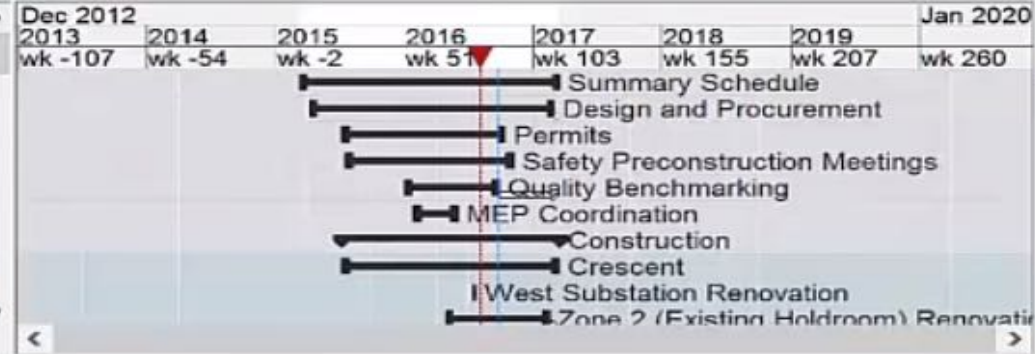


Space visualization

- Linear (line of balance)
- 4D modeling
- Time location diagrams
- Pull planning (Last planner)

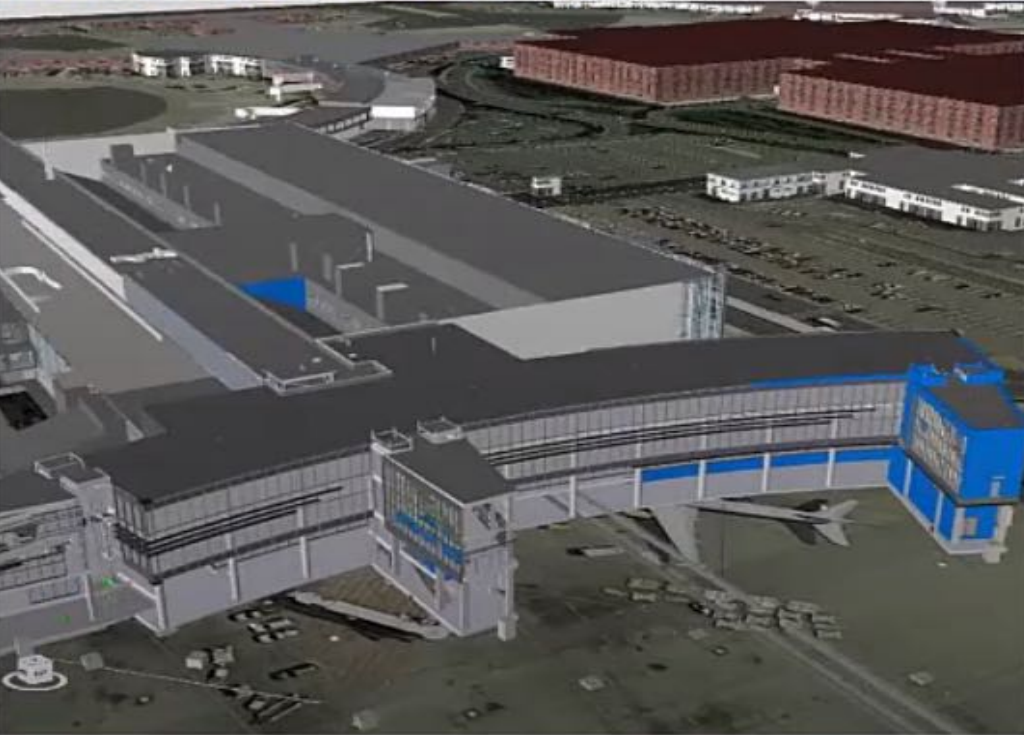


ID	Name	Start	End	Duration	Cost
1	Summary Schedule	3/9/2...	3/17...	507d	\$0.00
609	Design and Procurement	4/6/2...	3/1/...	475d	\$0.00
2058	Permits	7/7/2...	10/1...	318d	\$0.00
2092	Safety Preconstruction Me...	7/17/...	11/7...	328d	\$0.00
2144	Quality Benchmarking	12/3...	9/27...	187d	\$0.00
2169	MEP Coordination	1/25/...	6/2/...	91d	\$0.00
2281	Construction	7/6/2...	3/16...	424d	\$99,46...
2282	Crescent	7/6/2...	3/16...	424d	\$83,52...
3879	West Substation Renovati...	7/11/...	7/22...	10d	\$10,71...
3882	Zone 2 (Existing Holdroo	4/25/...	2/16...	204d	\$4,841

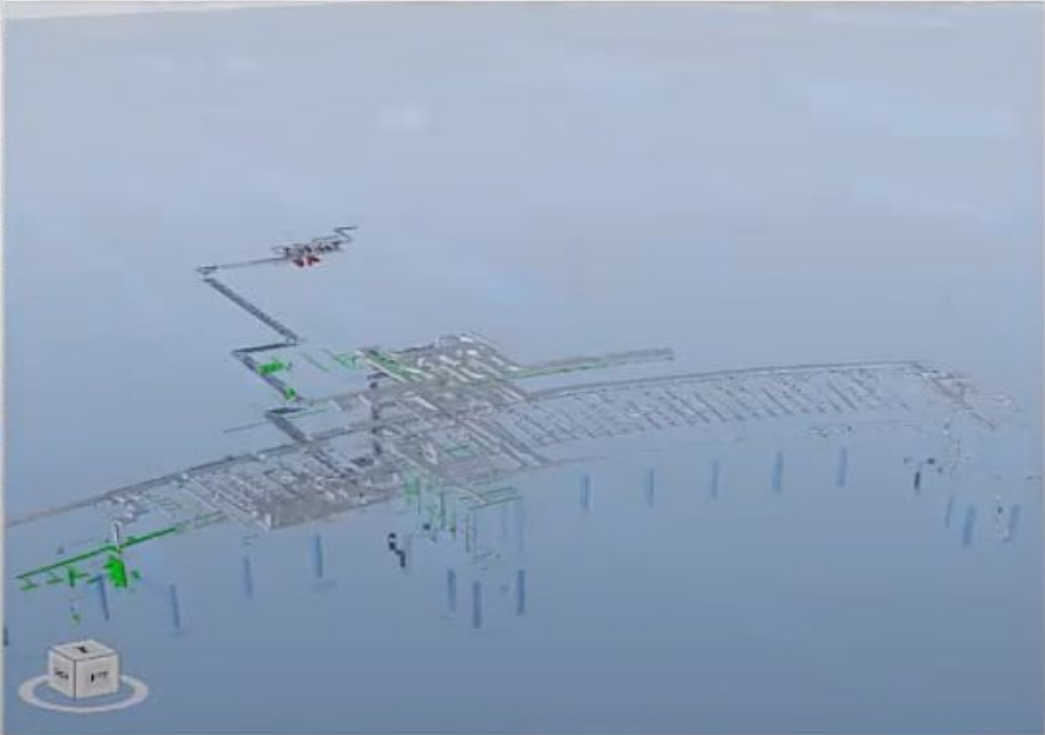


Support Gantt

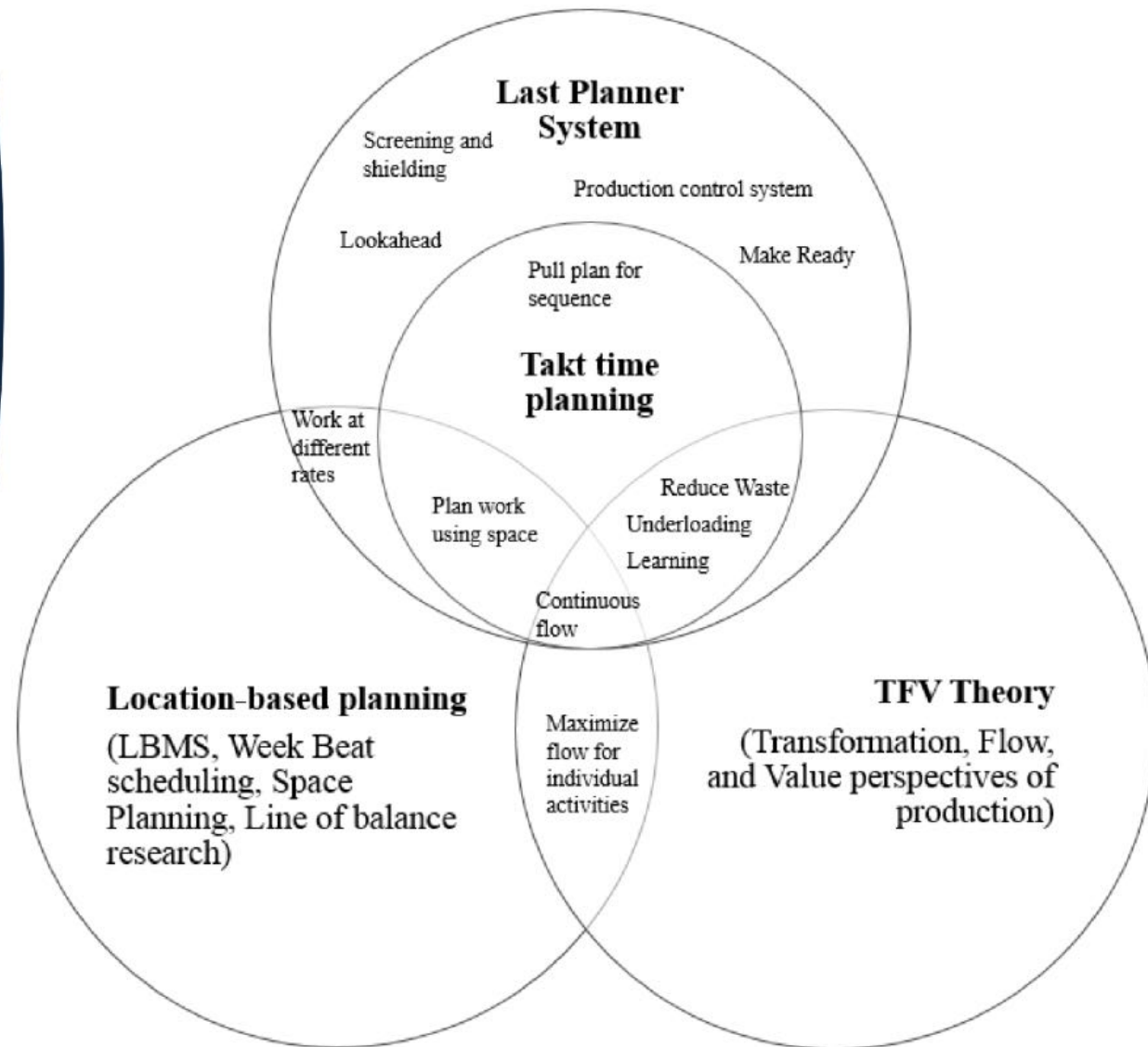
3D Using Dates [Best] [1228x1061]



3D Using Dates [Best] Filters[MEP animation] [1234x...]



Beyond CPM



2019 UC Berkeley Dissertation by A.G. Frandson. "Takt time planning as a work structuring method to improve construction work flow"



Go to www.menti.com and use the code 91 65 82 7

What alternative methods to CPM are you using now?

0
4D scheduling

3
Linear/Line of balance

0
Last Planner/Pull Planning

0
Takt Time

2
Other

17
None

Recommendations for reviewers

- Use checklists
- Verify by-in from all stakeholders
- Develop mutual expectations
- Check continuity between areas
- Are all phases developed?
- Don't rely solely on comparison software
- Confirm data with pdf



Pro Tip for all:
Ask Questions!

Check for impact of changes



Added and deleted activities

OD	TF	Budgeted Cost	Status
12	24	\$30,060	Not Started
20	11	\$0	Not Started
5	20	\$3,200	Not Started

Started activities with matching Original and Remaining Durations

	OD	RD	Start	%
ossible	3	3	08-Oct-20 A	40%
Floor	5	5	09-Apr-20 A	80%
round	5	5	04-May-20 A	90%
s. Com	5	5	15-Jun-20 A	95%
omp. /	5	9	27-Aug-20 A	98%
r Lobb	5	5	21-Oct-20 A	50%



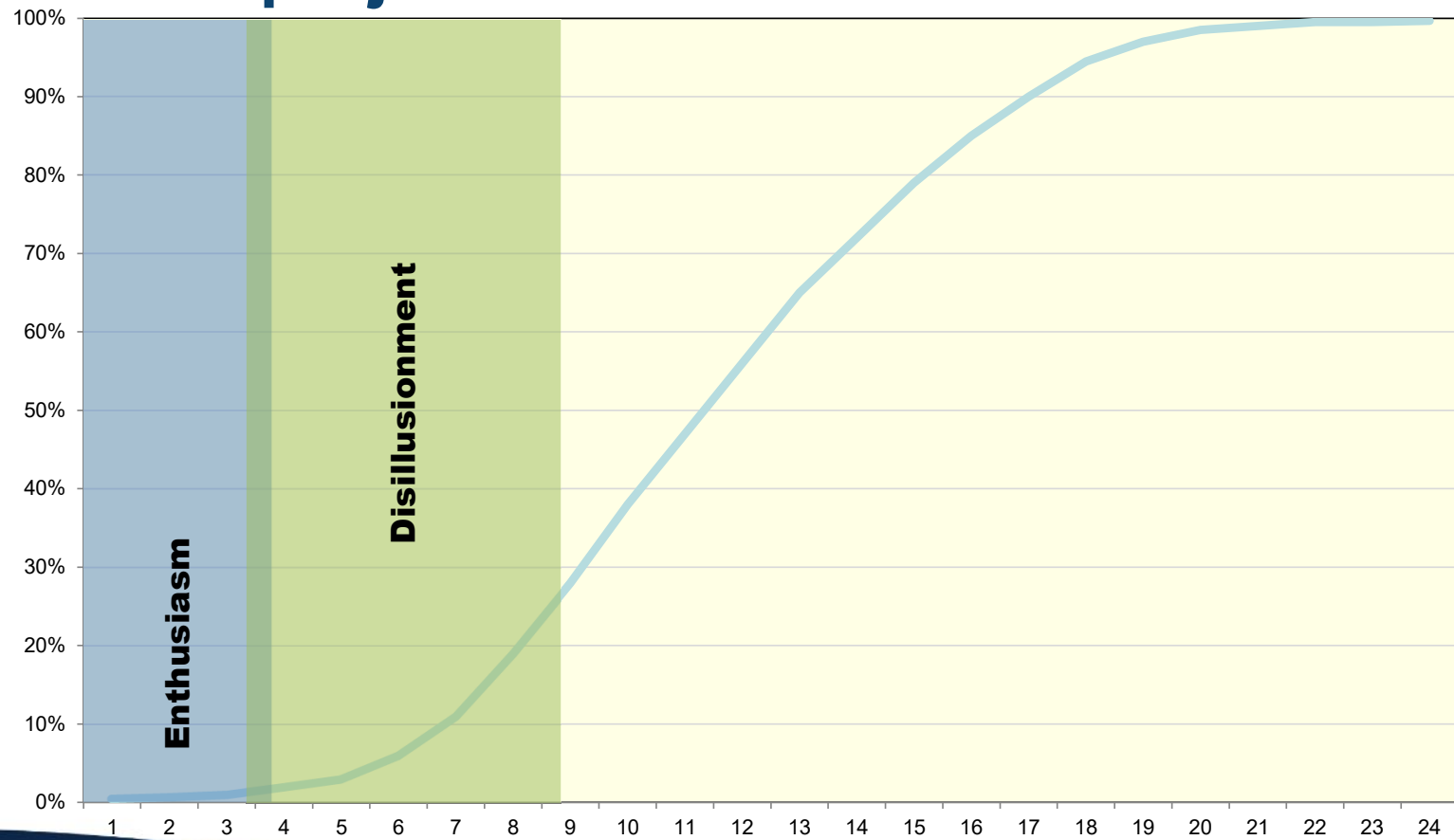
Pro Tip for all:
Be Proactive!

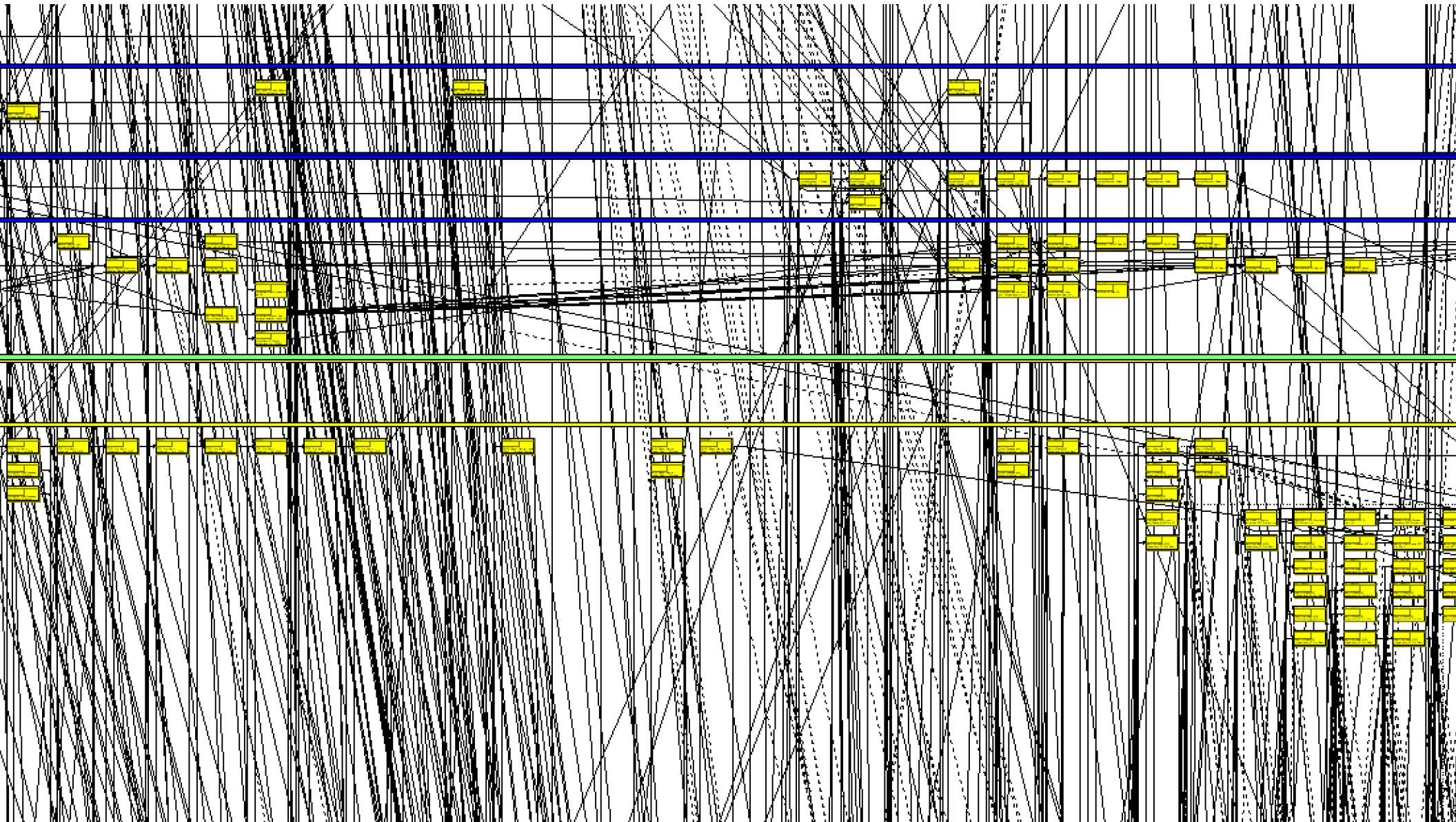
Look for activities in more than 1 category



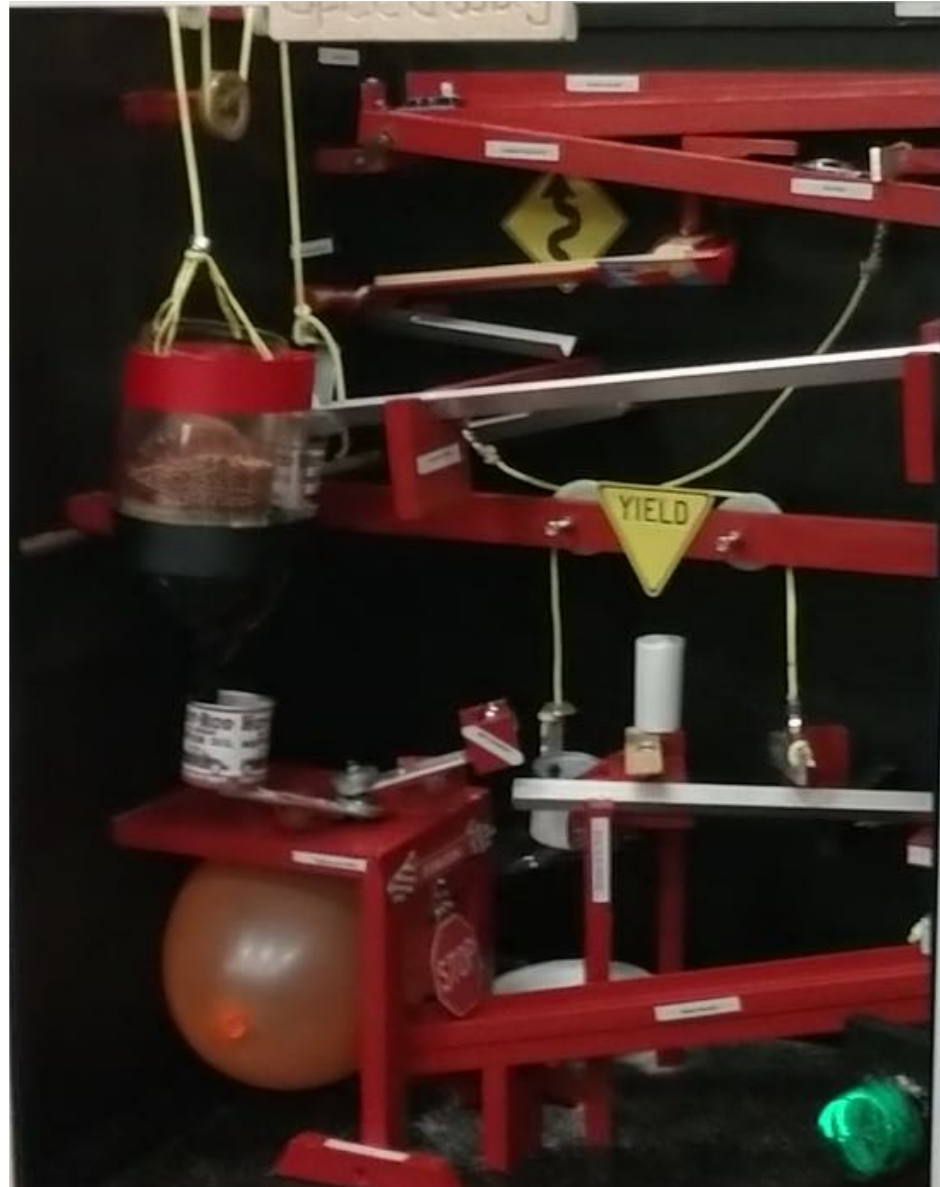
a. Missing Predecessors	0		m. Out of Sequence	116
b. Missing Successors	0		n. Actual Date > DD	0
c. Added Activities	7		o. Constraint Date Changes	0
d. Deleted Activities	0		p. Progress this month	120
e. Changed Descriptions	20		q. Missed start or finish	103
f. Changed Calendars	0		r. Started, OD = RD	14
g. Original Duration Changes	6		s. Dangling Relationships	21
h. Added Relationships	46		t. Physical % ≠ RD %	127
i. Deleted Relationships	61		u. Long duration activities	180
j. Relationship/Lag Changes	25		v. High Float	142
k. Budgeted Cost Changes	2		w. Active with 0 or 1 day RD	15
l. Missing Activity Codes	0		x. Negative Lag (Leads)	0

Phases of a project



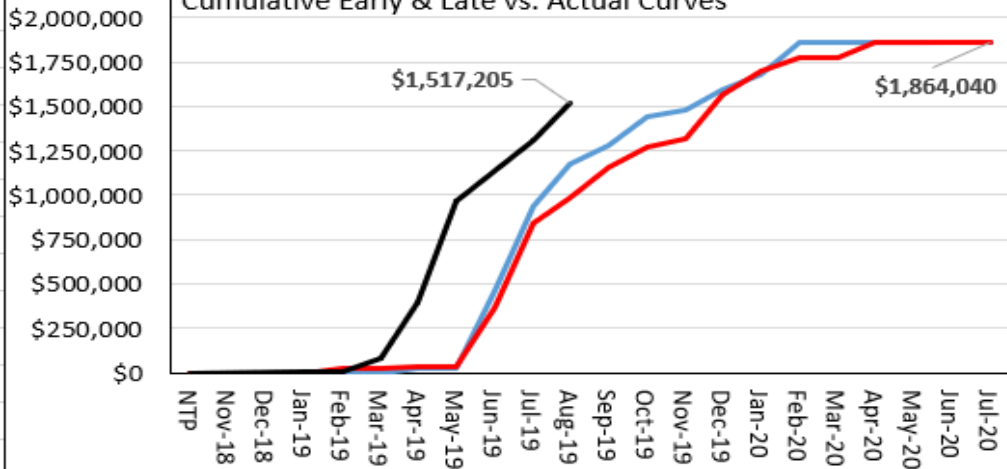


Overly Complicated



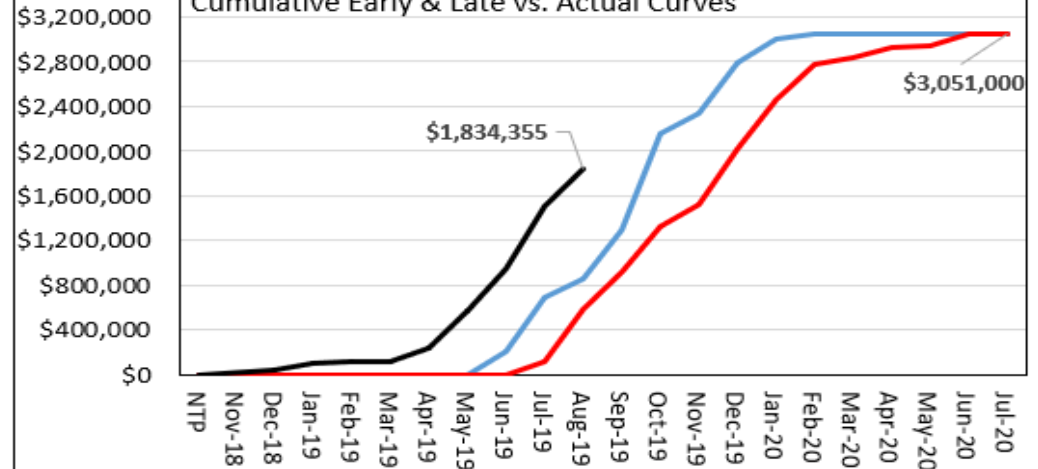
Masonry

Cumulative Early & Late vs. Actual Curves



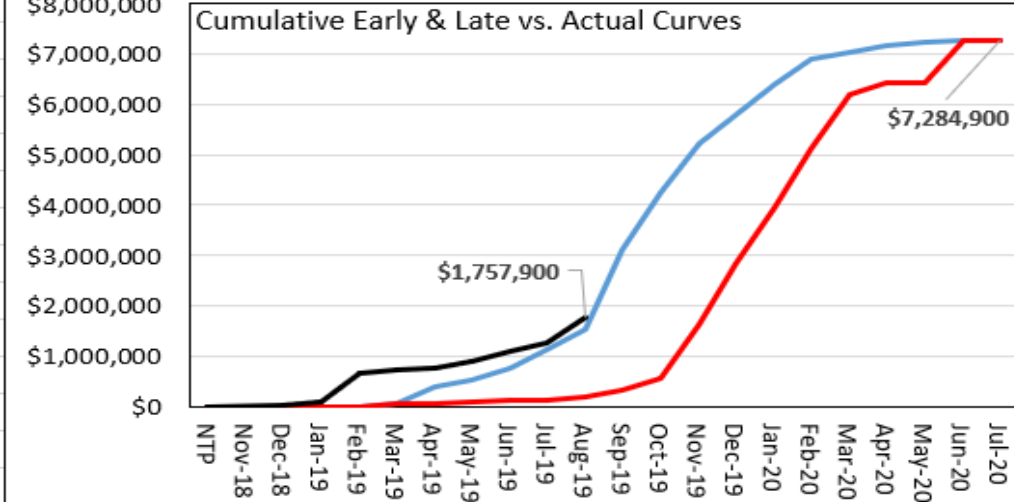
Metals

Cumulative Early & Late vs. Actual Curves



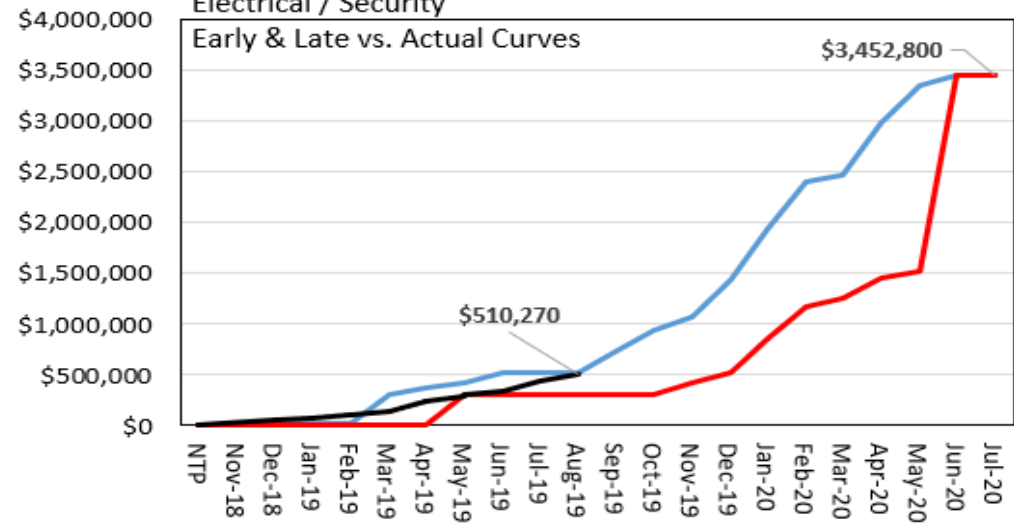
Mechanical / Plumbing

Cumulative Early & Late vs. Actual Curves

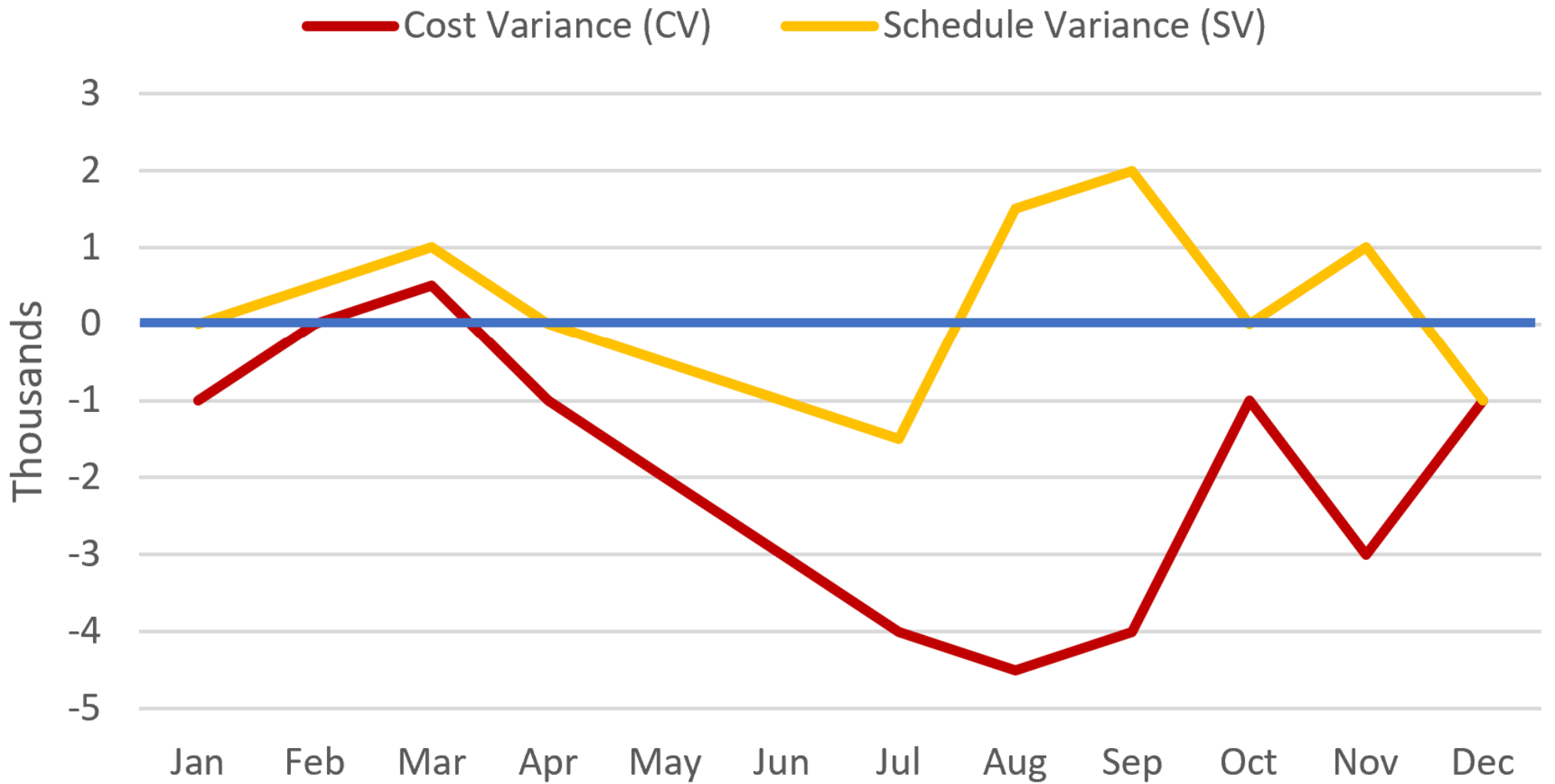


Electrical / Security

Early & Late vs. Actual Curves



Variations

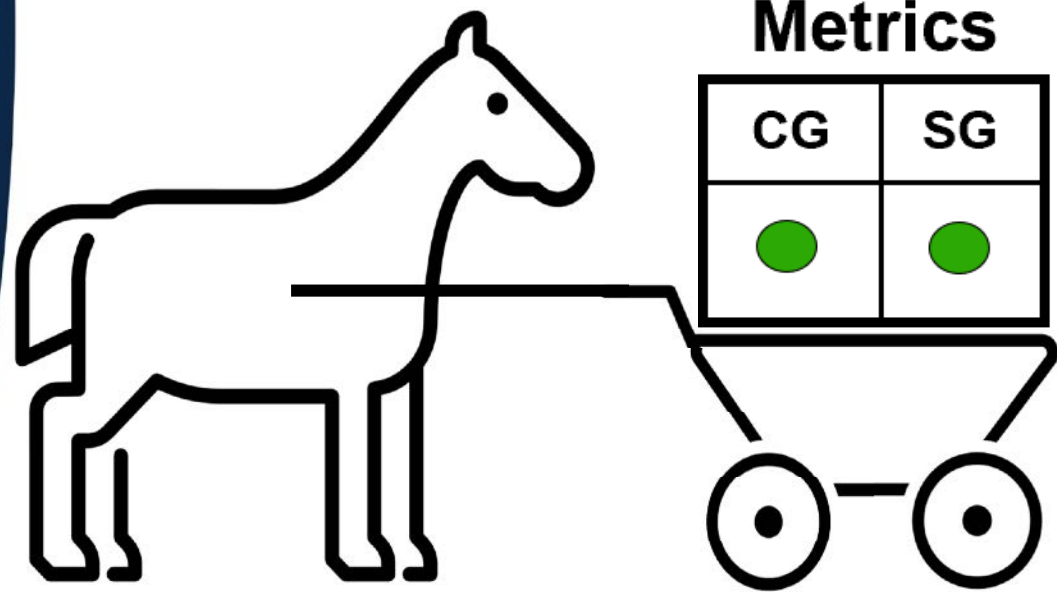


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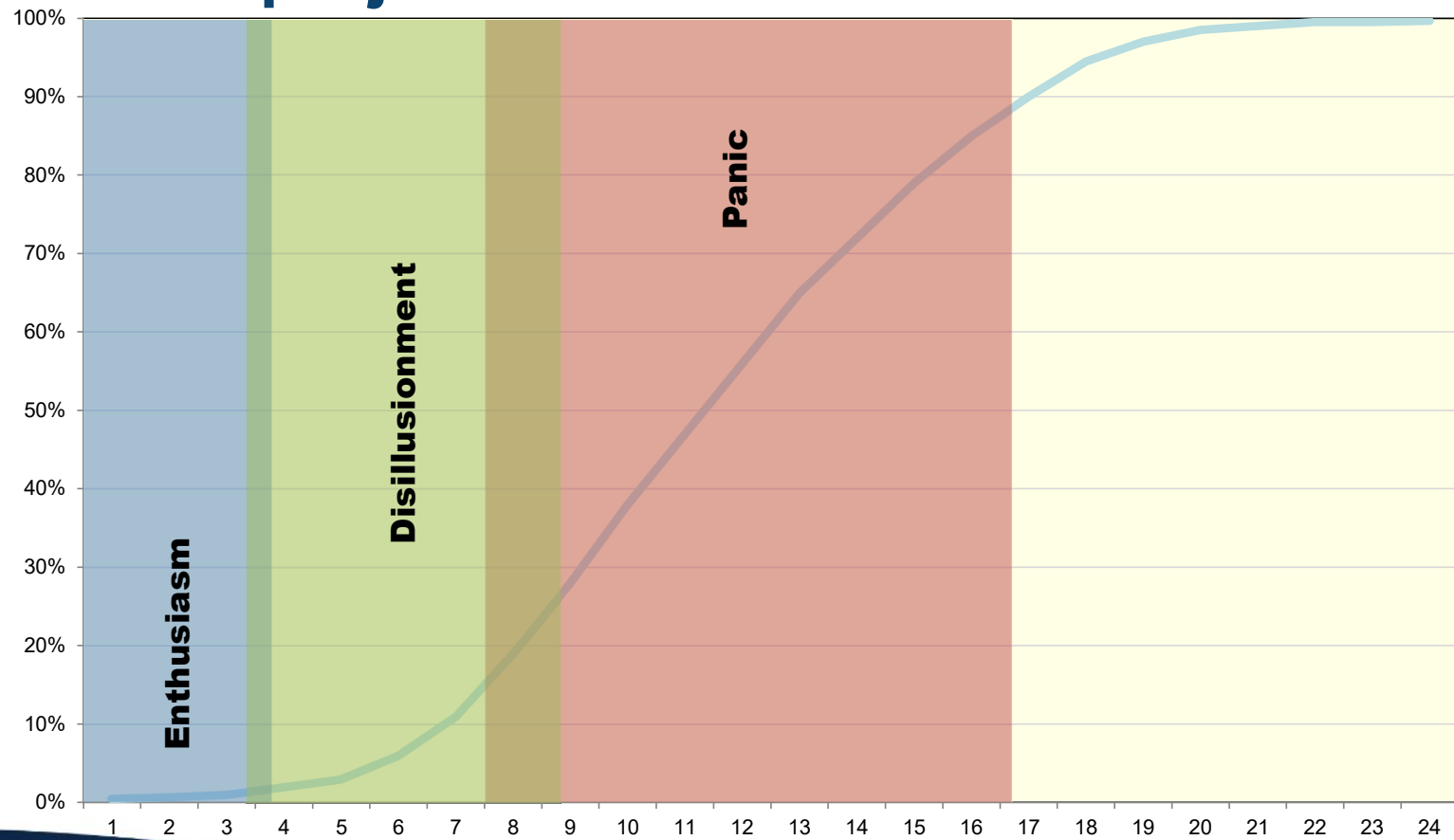
What metrics are most important to you?



Metrics Management

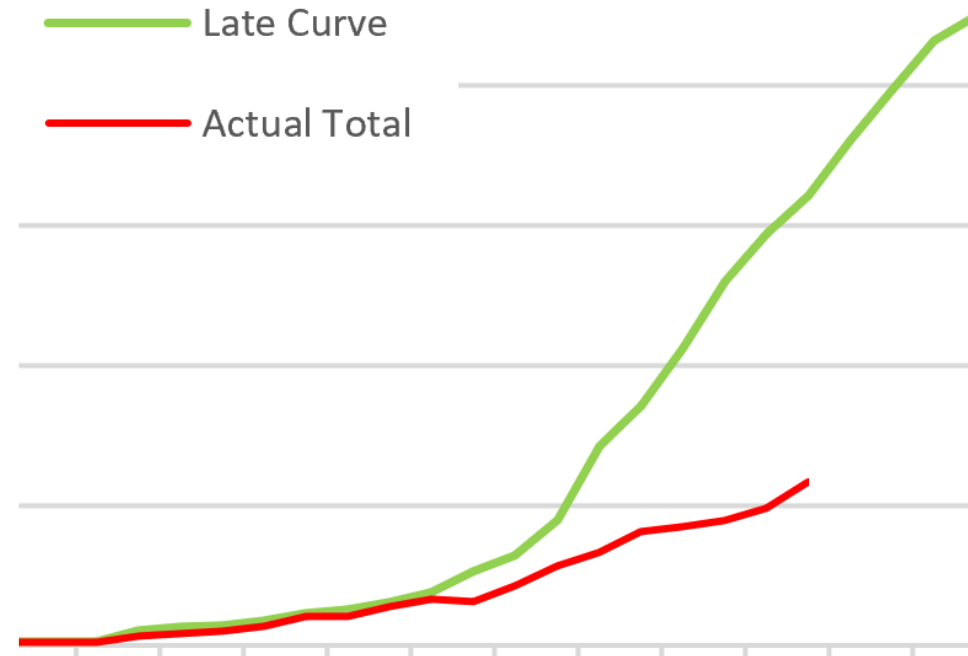


Phases of a project



Panic

- What are some reasons for slippage?



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What are some reasons for schedule slippage?



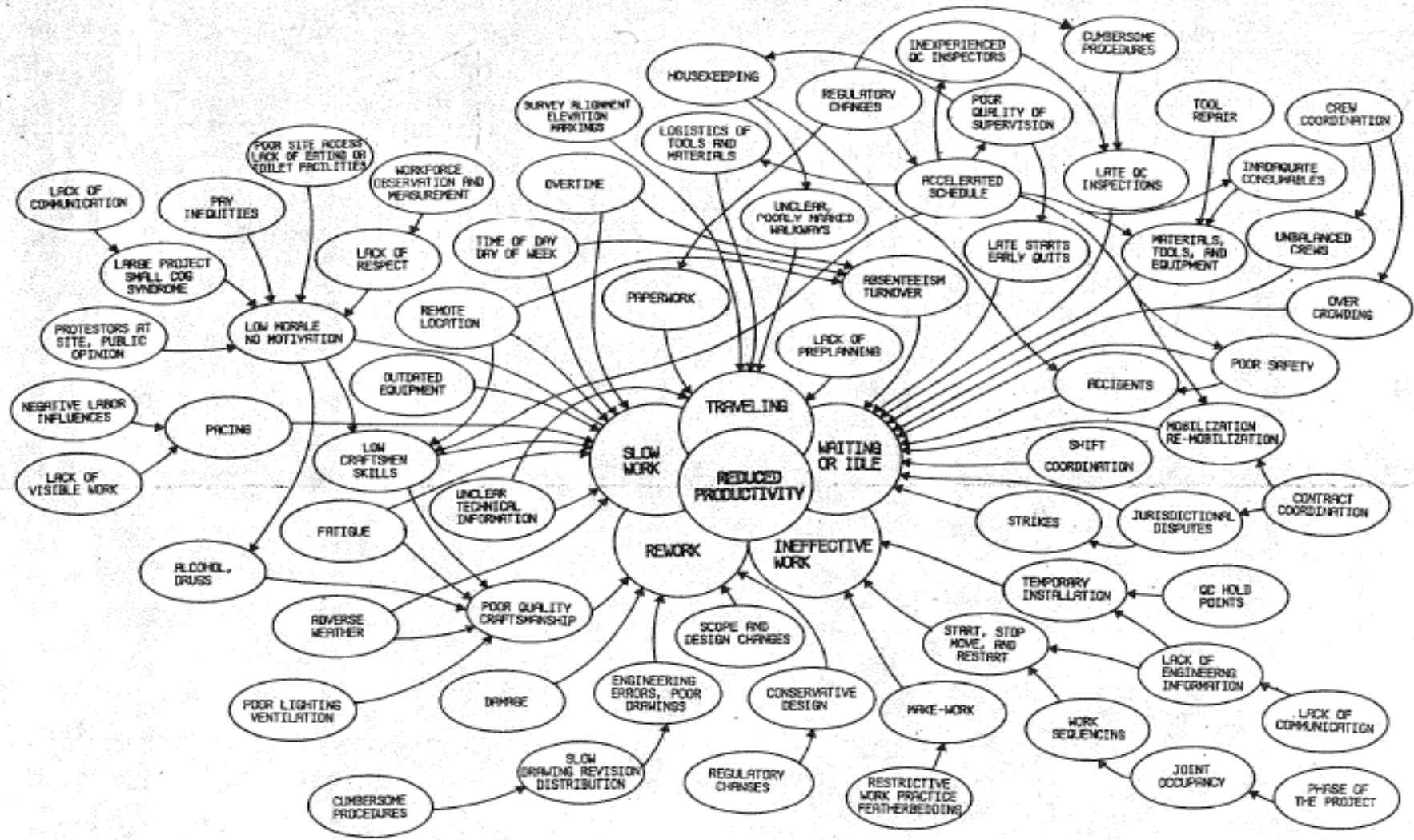


Figure 1. Craft Productivity Influence Diagram

1988 Project Management Journal article by G.L. Jansma. "The relationship between project manning levels and craft productivity for nuclear power construction"

**AVAILABLE
WORK**

**AVAILABLE
WORKERS**



It doesn't matter how many "resources" you have.

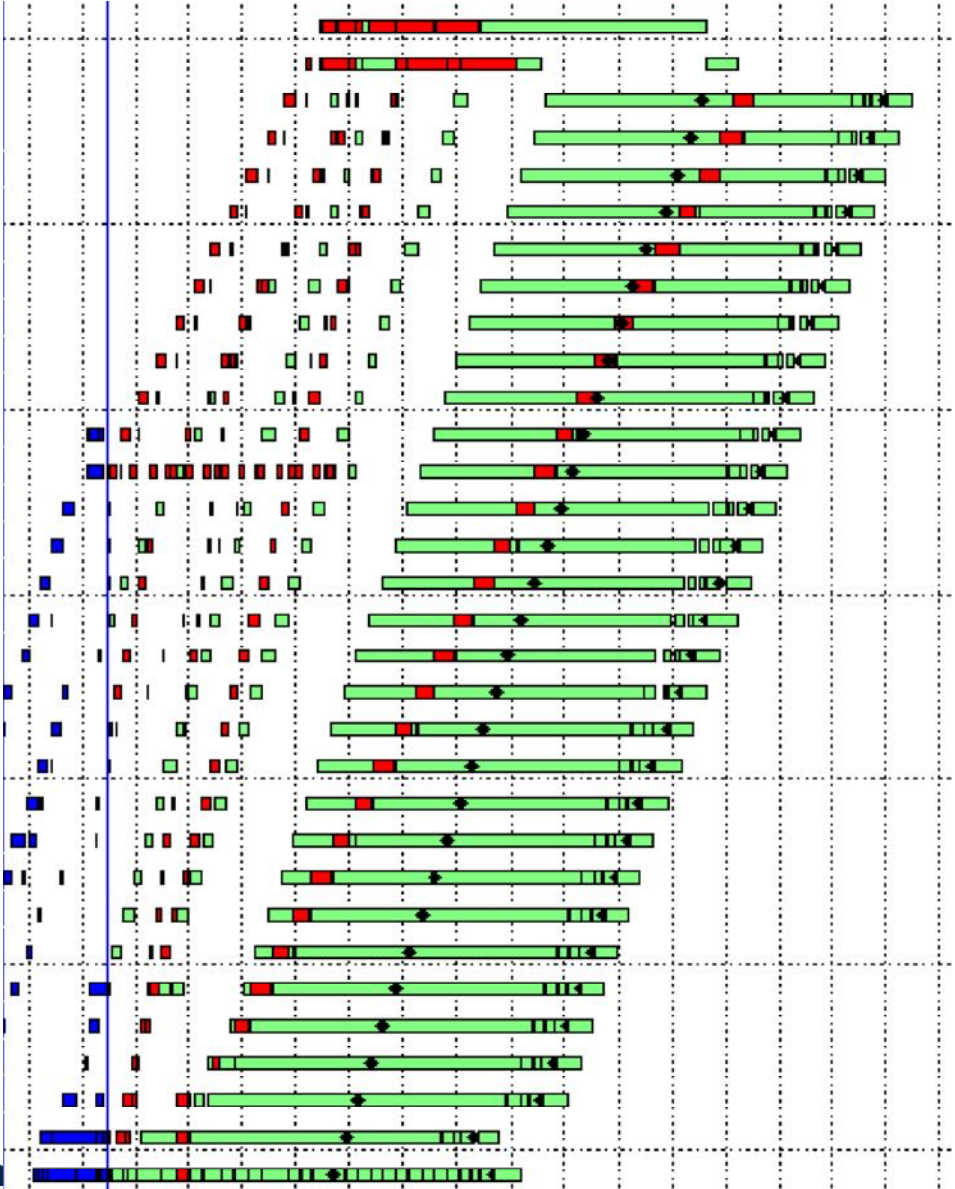


If you don't know how to use them,
it will never be enough.

Out-of-Sequence Consequences

- Possible to have dangling relationships
- Come back work
- Flow resequencing not consistent
- Not fixing creates artificial gaps



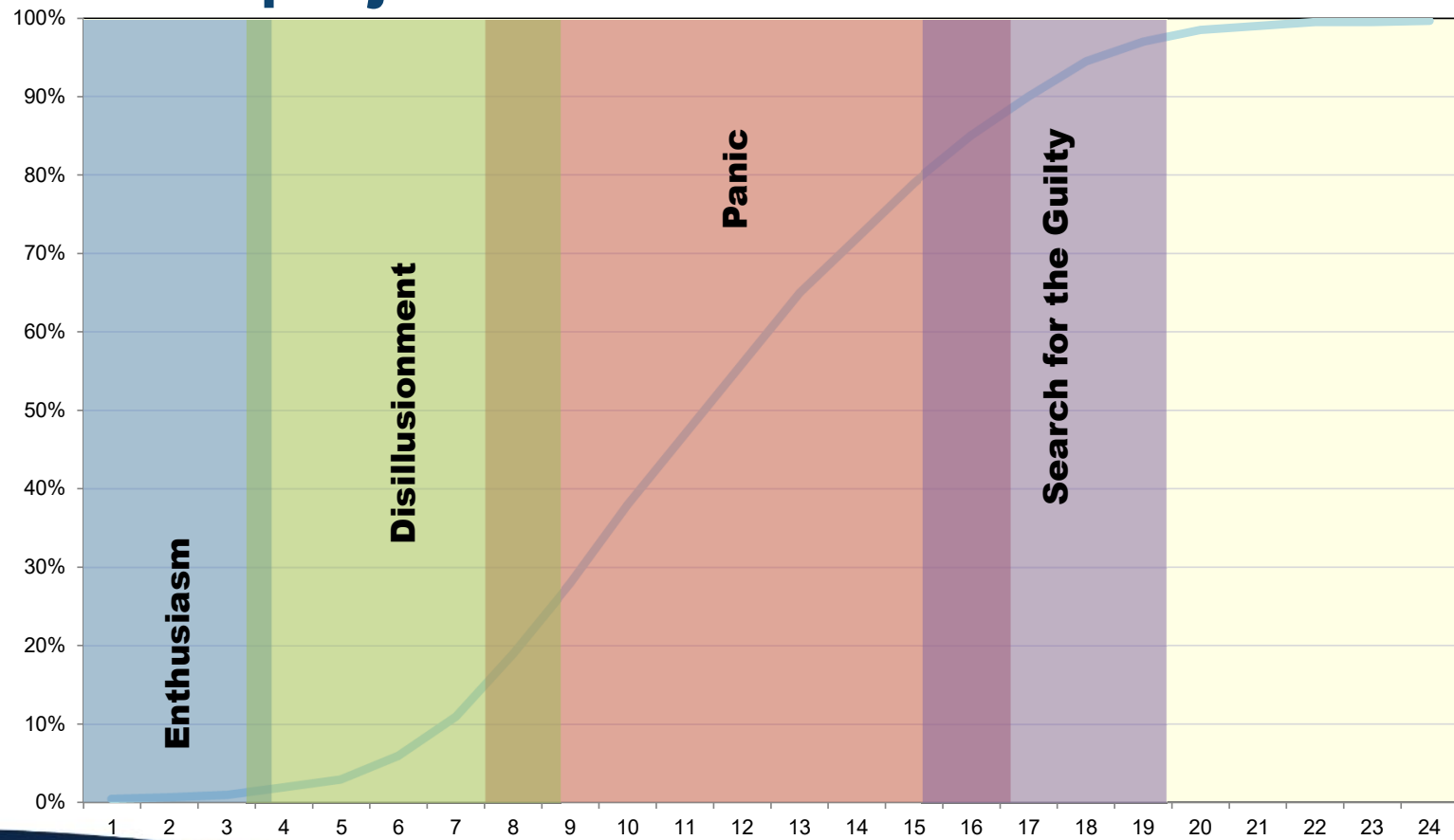


Other reasons for panic

- Management corrective actions not included
- Stakeholders can be forced to work differently than originally planned
- Actual durations extend for months
- Multiple calendars can wreak havoc if not properly aligned



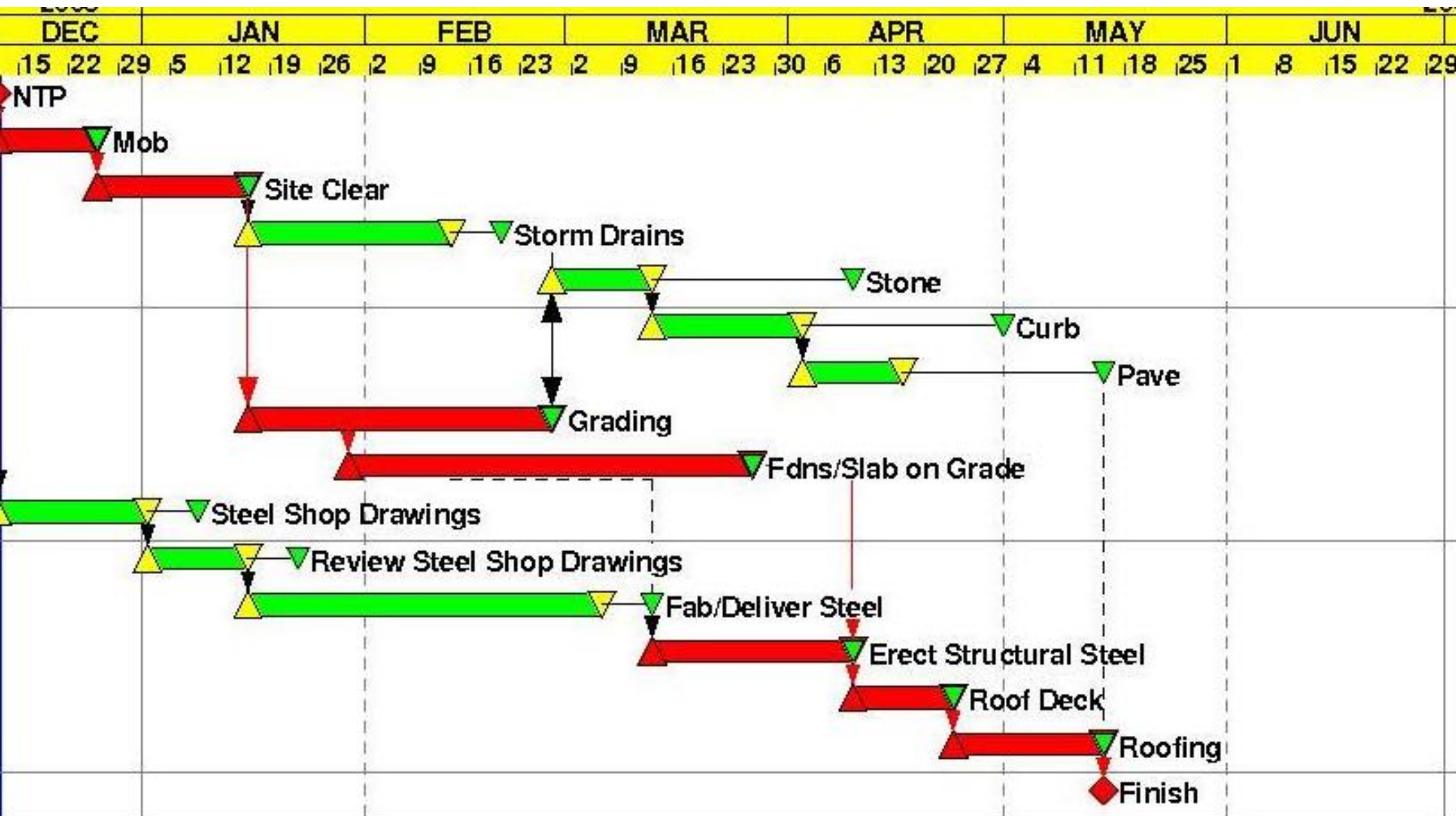
Phases of a project

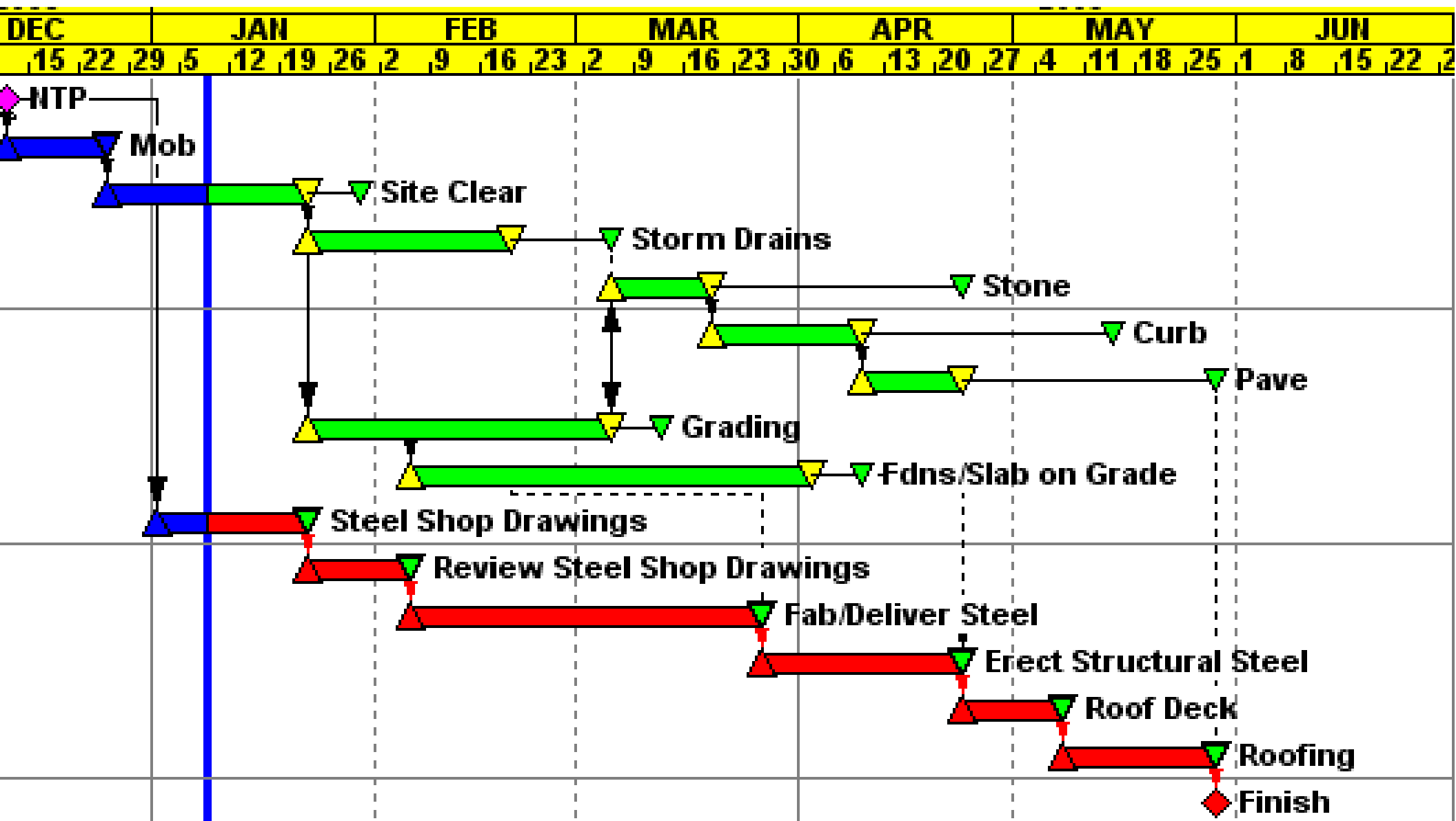




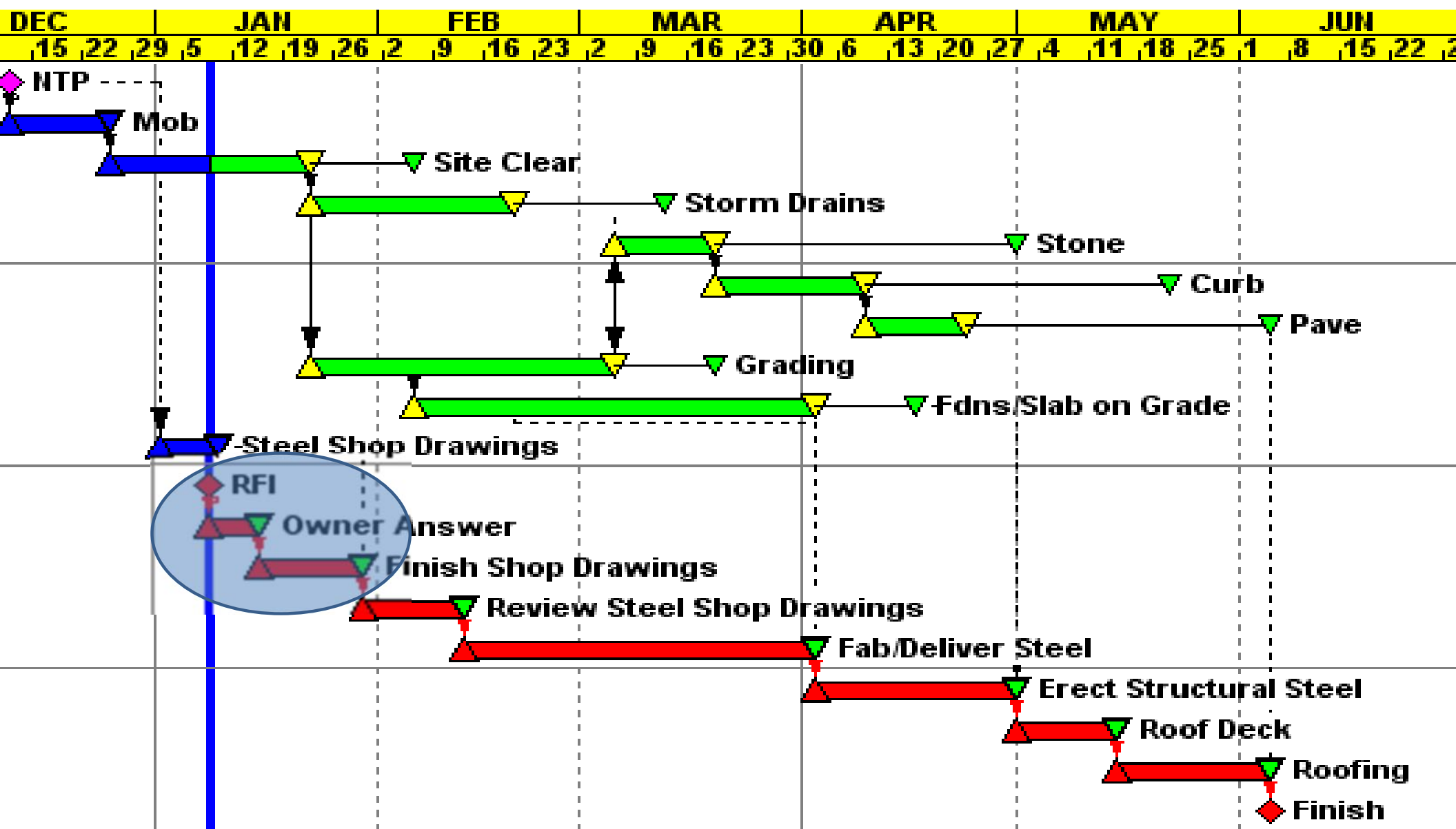
Time Impact Analysis (TIA) Methods







DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
,15,22,29	,5,12,19,26	,2,9,16,23	,2,9,16,23,30	,6,13,20,27	,4,11,18,25	,1,8,15,22,29



AACEi Recommended Practice 29R-03



Taxonomy	1	RETROSPECTIVE														
	2	OBSERVATIONAL						MODELED								
	3	Static Logic		Dynamic Logic				Additive				Subtractive				
	4	3.1 Gross	3.2 Periodic		Contemporaneous Updates (3.3 As-Is or 3.4 Split)		3.5 Modified / Reconstructed Updates		3.6 Single Base ²		3.7 Multi Base ¹		3.8 Single Simulation		3.9 Multi Simulation ¹	
	5		Fixed Periods	Variable Windows	All Periods	Grouped Periods	Fixed Periods	Variable Windows	Global Insertion	Stepped Insertion	Fixed Periods	Variable Windows or Grouped	Global Extraction	Stepped Extraction	Fixed Periods	Stepped Extraction
Common Names	As-Planned vs As-Built	Window Analysis		Contemporaneous Period Analysis, Time Impact Analysis, Window	Contemporaneous Period Analysis, Time Impact Analysis, Window Analysis	Contemporaneous Period Analysis, Time Impact Analysis	Window Analysis, Time Impact Analysis	Impacted As Planned, What-If	Time Impact Analysis, Impacted As-Planned	Time Impact Analysis	Window Analysis, Impacted As-Planned	Collapsed As-Built	Time Impact Analysis, Collapsed As-Built	Time Impact Analysis, Collapsed As-Built	Time Impact Analysis, Window Analysis, Collapsed As-Built	

Footnotes

1. Contemporaneous or Modified / Reconstructed
2. The single base can be the original baseline or an update

Figure 1 – Nomenclature Correspondence (see enlarged size figure in Appendix A)



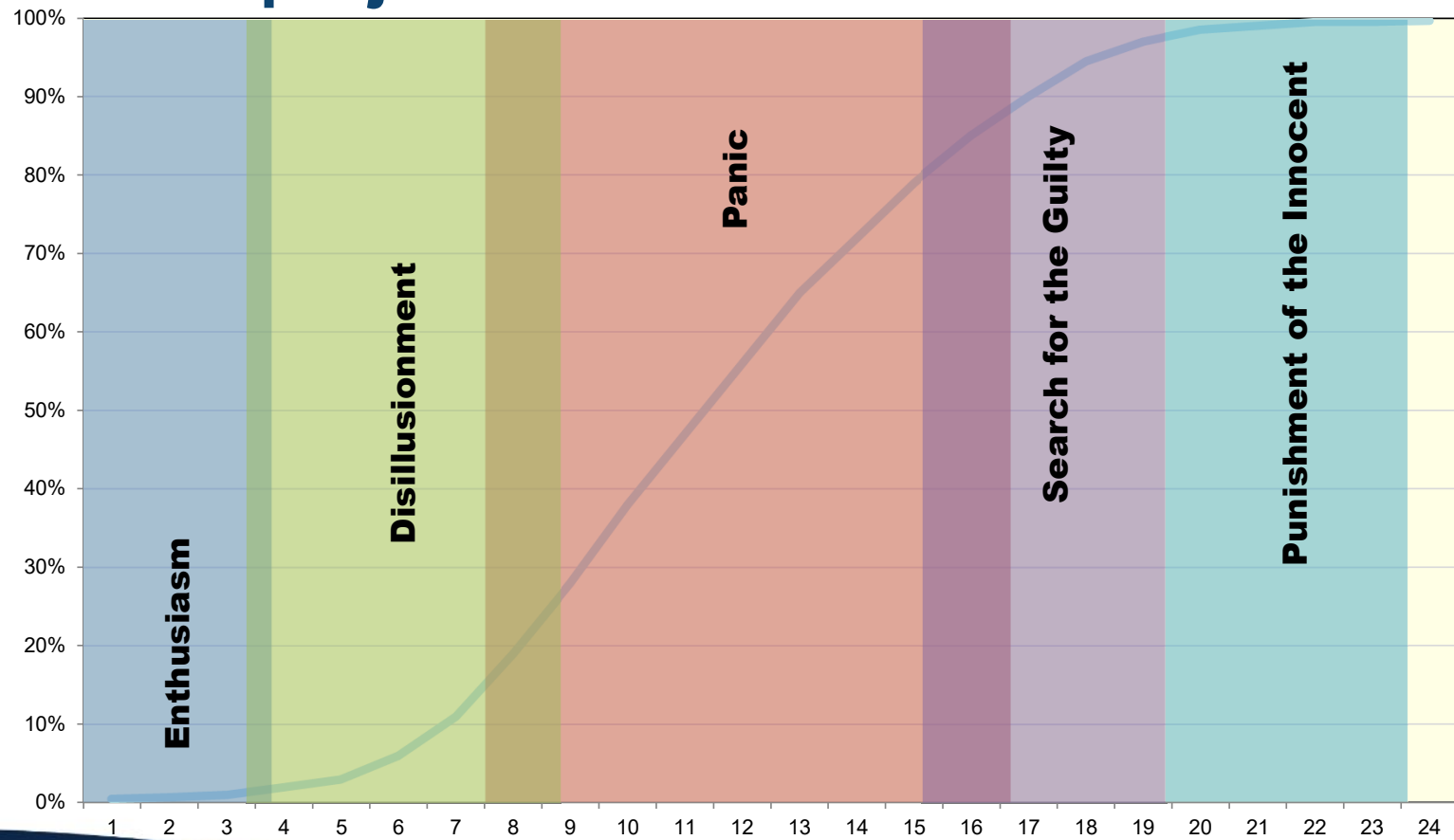
Retrospective TIA



Baseline/ Update	Impacted Schedule	Data Date (End of Week)	Predicted End Date (Weeks)	Change	Explanation	Delay Responsibility	
						Contractor	Owner
X		0	22	--	Baseline schedule		
	X	4	22	0		0	0
X		4	24	2	Late start shop drawings	2	0
	X	8	25	1	Design change structural steel/Owner response	0	1
X		8	24	-1	Owner expedited review steel submittal	0	-1
	X	12	24	0		0	0



Phases of a project

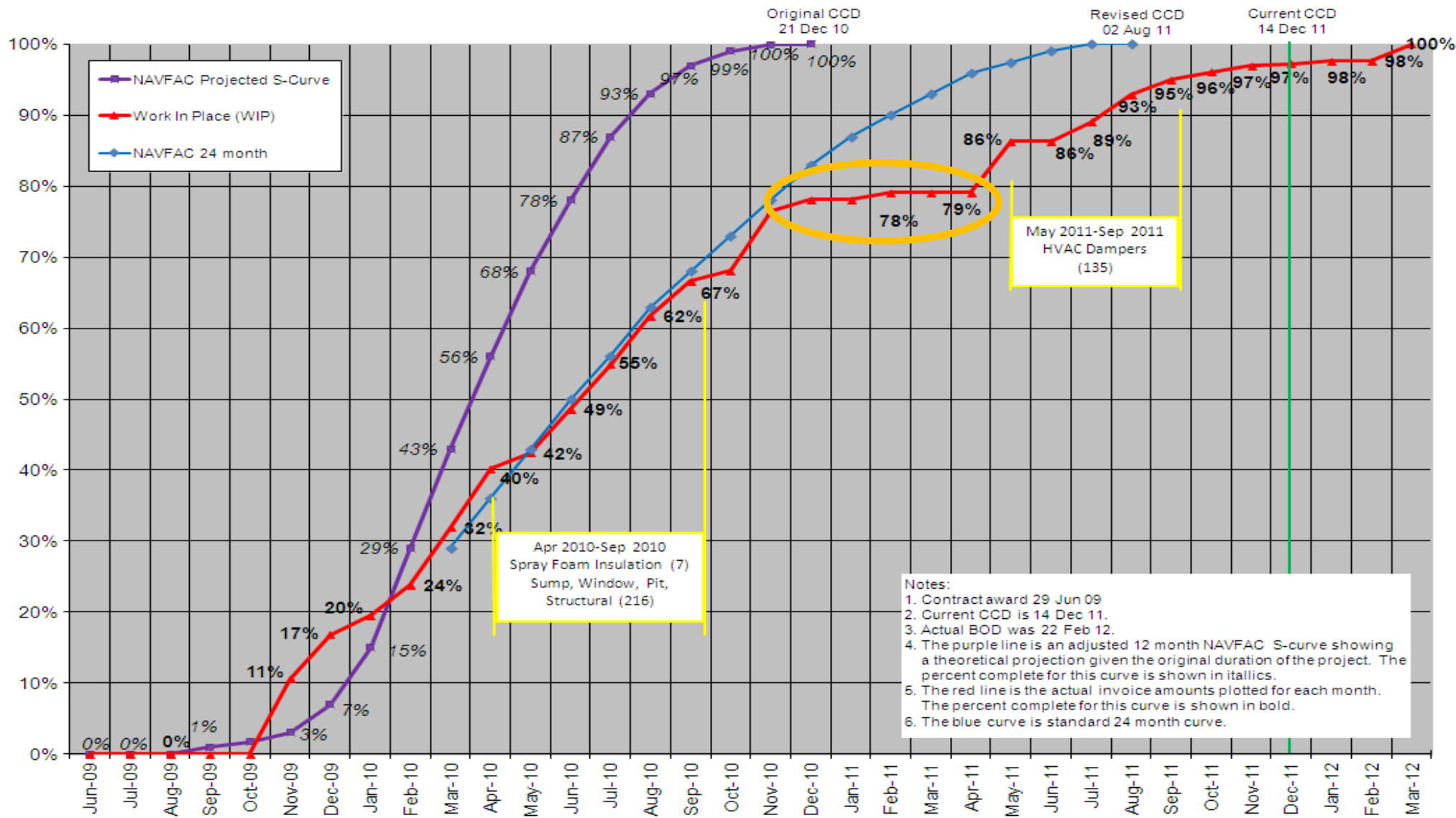


Failure Reasons

- Unclear or unrealistic expectations
- Lack of visibility
- Communication gaps
- Inadequate resource allocation
- Poor stakeholder involvement



Cumulative % Complete



Data is for end of month

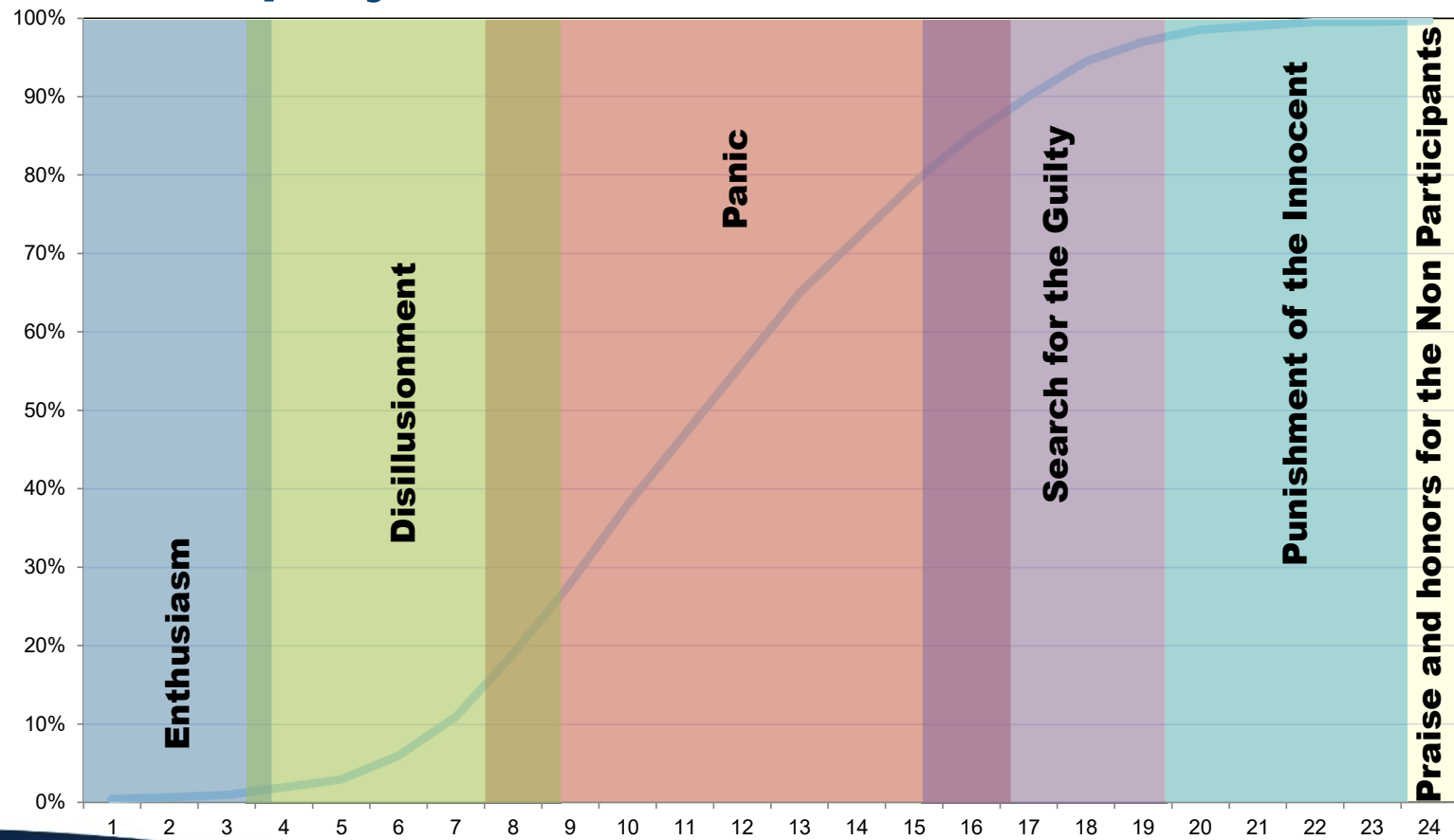
- Notes:
1. Contract award 29 Jun 09
 2. Current CCD is 14 Dec 11.
 3. Actual BOD was 22 Feb 12.
 4. The purple line is an adjusted 12 month NAVFAC S-curve showing a theoretical projection given the original duration of the project. The percent complete for this curve is shown in *italics*.
 5. The red line is the actual invoice amounts plotted for each month. The percent complete for this curve is shown in **bold**.
 6. The blue curve is standard 24 month curve.

Punishment of the innocent

- Stay positive and professional
- Don't retaliate
- Capture the lessons learned

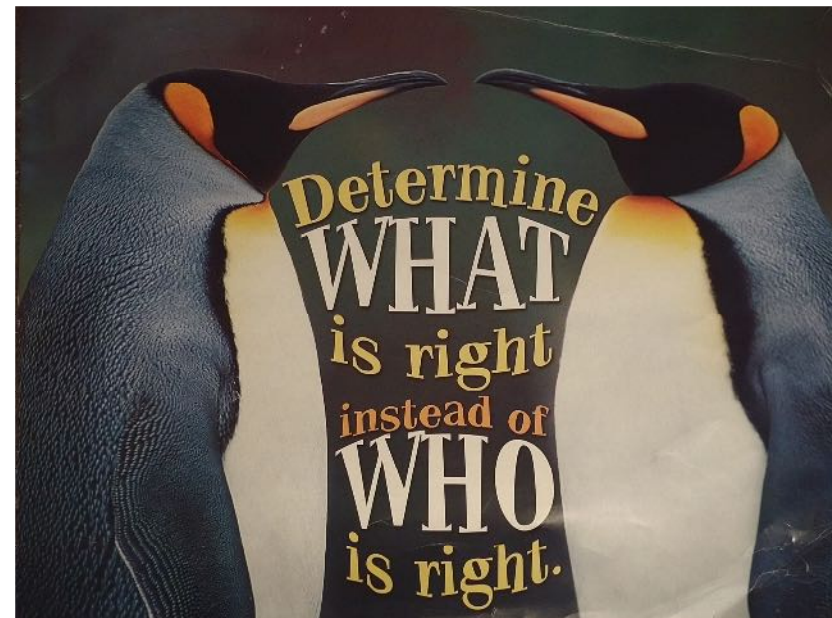


Phases of a project



Summary

- Be proactive
- Read the contract
- Gain input from all shareholders
- Ask questions
- Open and honest communication



THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME!

Keith Rines

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